

# الى النجوم. Reaching new heights

## PBN Airspace Design Program

#### Module 1: Airspace planner and procedure design (1.5 weeks)

1.1Air traffic management principles	<ul> <li>Flight phases</li> <li>Operator / flight plans</li> <li>ATC service provision / Rules of the air</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>ATC tools:</li> <li>ATC systems</li> <li>Communications o</li> <li>Radar</li> <li>Primary</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Secondary         <ul> <li>Mode-C</li> <li>Other surveillance tools (MLAT, SMR, ADS-B)</li> <li>Flight progression strips o E-strip</li> </ul> </li> <li>Routes / airways / Levels</li> <li>Separation minima / RVSM</li> <li>Airspace categorization</li> <li>ATS services         <ul> <li>ENR</li> <li>APP</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
1.2 Flight procedures	<ul> <li>Inertial/conventional navigation</li> <li>Instrumental procedures (non-precision)</li> <li>Precision procedures</li> </ul>
1.3 Airport approach protections	<ul> <li>ATZ</li> <li>CTR</li> <li>TMA</li> <li>Criteria to design and operate</li> <li>Departures. SID</li> <li>Arrivals: STAR</li> </ul>
1.4 Service provision	<ul><li>Visual flight rules</li><li>Instrumental flight rules</li></ul>

1.5 Visual navigation	<ul><li>VFR / VFR-N</li><li>Visual aids</li></ul>
1.6 Instrumental navigation	<ul> <li>IFR</li> <li>Radio aids</li> <li>Service provision</li> <li>Procedure design</li> </ul>
1.7 Precision navigation	<ul> <li>General concepts Performance-</li> <li>based</li> <li>GNSS</li> <li>RNAV</li> <li>RNAV 1</li> <li>RNAV 5</li> <li>RNP</li> <li>PBN</li> <li>GBAS</li> <li>ABAS</li> </ul>
	SBAS
1.8 Latest trends	<ul><li>ADS-B</li><li>Mode S</li></ul>

### Module 2: Air Traffic Control service provision (1 week)

2. 1 Air traffic control responsibility	<ul> <li>Introduction to profession</li> <li>Professional experience</li> <li>Career path</li> <li>Comparison amongst countries</li> <li>Contingency plans / Safety management system</li> </ul>
2.2 Tower control provision	<ul><li> Principles</li><li> Separation</li><li> Surveillance tools</li></ul>
2.3 En-route control provision	<ul> <li>Principles</li> <li>Conventional/ procedural enroute provision</li> <li>Radar enroute provision</li> <li>ATC tools:         <ul> <li>Vectoring</li> <li>Altitude</li> <li>management</li> <li>Speed control</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
2.4 Approach control provision	<ul> <li>Principles</li> <li>Conventional / procedural approach</li> <li>Radar approach</li> <li>ATC tools: <ul> <li>Vectoring</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

	o Altitude management o Speed control
	<ul> <li>Holding, waiting</li> </ul>
2.5 ATC best practices	<ul> <li>Flight plan adherence</li> <li>CCO</li> <li>CDO</li> <li>Fuel efficiency</li> </ul>
2.6 Human factors and Safety management	<ul><li>Fatigue</li><li>TRM</li><li>Risk management</li></ul>

## Module 3: Capacity management (1.5 week)

3.1 Basic concepts	<ul> <li>Capacity         <ul> <li>ENR-APP</li> <li>TWR</li> </ul> </li> <li>Demand</li> <li>Delays</li> </ul>
3.2 Capacity	<ul> <li>Capacity assessment concept</li> <li>Theoretical approaches</li> <li>Simulation approach</li> </ul>
3.3 Demand-capacity balance	<ul> <li>Demand forecast</li> <li>Scheduled vs. estimated vs actual.</li> <li>Capacity optimization</li> </ul>
3.4 Air traffic flow and capacity management (ATCM)	<ul> <li>Background (ATFM vs ATFCM)</li> <li>Centralised vs decentralised</li> <li>Eurocontrol's NM</li> <li>Decentralised experience</li> <li>Current status and future evolution</li> </ul>
3.5 Collaborative Decision Making	<ul> <li>C-ATFM</li> <li>STAM</li> <li>Introduction to A-CDM</li> </ul>
3.6 A-CDM	<ul> <li>Objectives</li> <li>Stakeholders</li> <li>Milestone approach</li> <li>Implementation steps</li> <li>International experiences</li> <li>TAM</li> </ul>
3.7 Innovation in ATM to enhance service provision	<ul> <li>Free-route</li> <li>4D trajectories</li> <li>Virtualisation         <ul> <li>TWR – Remote</li> <li>towers o ACC</li> </ul> </li> </ul>